

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

These slides and the accompanying oral presentation contain forward-looking statements and information. The use of words such as "may," "might," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "project," "intend," "future," "potential," or "continue," and other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. For example, all statements we make regarding the initiation, timing, progress and results of our preclinical and clinical studies and our research and development programs, our ability to advance product candidates into, and successfully complete, clinical studies, and the timing or likelihood of regulatory filings and approvals are forward looking. All forward-looking statements are based on estimates and assumptions by our management that, although we believe to be reasonable, are inherently uncertain. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those that we expected. These statements are also subject to a number of material risks and uncertainties that are described in our most recent quarterly report on Form 10-Q, as well as our subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it was made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

POTENTIAL

2019-2020 CATALYSTS

1ST HALF

2019

2ND HALF

2019

Complete recruitment into phase 1b multiple-dose study in patients with wet AMD, DME, and RVO

Start of global pivotal phase 2/3 head-to-head study against Eylea in wet AMD

Submit China IND's for phase 2 trials in wet AMD, DME and DR

Present phase 1b data at key ophthalmology meetings (e.g. ASRS, AAO)

Initiate China studies in wAMD and DME

Disclose NPDR strategy

Initiate global pivotal phase 2/3 in DME

R&D Day

1ST HALF

2020

Continued phase 1b data

2ND HALF

2020

Interim phase 2/3 data from global wet AMD

Interim phase 2 data from China studies



OUR MISSION

The Ophthalmology Medicines Company

1 HIGH SCIENCE INSIDE

Medicines and platforms with designed-in features to tackle the biggest challenges in ophthalmology. "GO-TO" MEDICINES

Our investigational candidate KSI-301 has the potential to be the anti-VEGF of choice for all patients with retinal vascular disease.

Our pipeline is being built with multiple shots on goal across the major retina indications of wet AMD, dry AMD, Glaucoma. Q GLOBAL FRANCHISE

A singular focus in ophthalmology with a global scope.

From discovery through commercialization.

STRONG

COMPANY LEADERSHIP

Management Team with Experience to Build a Leading Biotech Company

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Deep Biotech and Governance Experience

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KODIAK Chairman

Felix J Baker PhD

Director

Advisors LP

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Baker Brother

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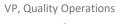
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Intravitreal anti-VEGF agents improve & maintain vision when dosed per label...

PHASE III STUDY OF MONTHLY ANTI-VEGF¹ LUCENTIS 0.5MG LUCENTIS 0.3MG SHAM MONTH

Recommended dosing in first year:

Lucentis

12
(MONTHLY)

Eylea

(BI-MONTHLY AFTER 3 MONTHLY LOADING DOSES)

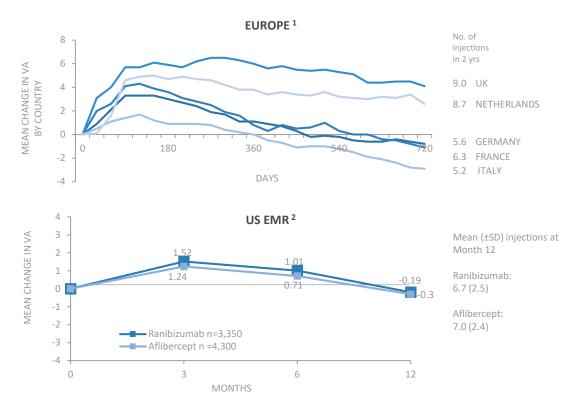
1. Rosenfeld PJ et al; MARINA Study Group. N Engl J Med. 2006;355:1419-14313. 2. Brown DM et al; ANCHOR Study Group. Ophthalmology. 2009;116:57-65 3. Schmidt-Erfurth et al. Ophthalmology 2014; 121:193

...yet minimal visual gains are achieved in realworld practice.

- Without high intensity treatment,
 vision loss can begin after only 3 months
 of anti-VEGF therapy
- This pattern is seen globally, with all current agents



Adapted from Lotery A, et al. Eye (Lond). 2017 Dec;31(12):1697-1706.
 FMR= Electronic Medical Records



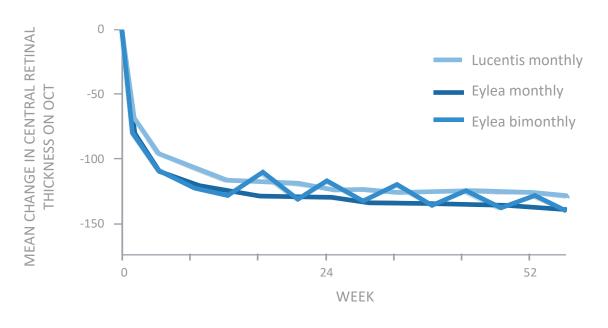
WHY?

Current anti-VEGF drugs do not control disease for long enough between doses.

Undertreatment (over-extension of the treatment interval) leads to disease progression and permanent retinal damage.

Bimonthly Anti-VEGF Results in Disease Activity between Doses

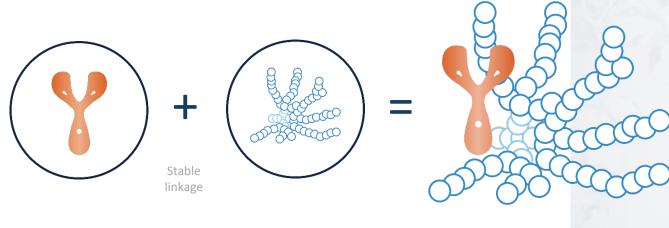
EYLEA VIEW STUDIES ¹



¹ Heier JS. Ophthalmology. 2012 Dec;119(12):2537-48. 3. Dugel PU. Ophthalmology. 2017 Sep;124(9):1296-1304. CRT= Central Retinal Thickness

KSI-301

THE 'GO-TO' ANTI-VEGF



ANITIBODY

IgG1 with inert immune
effector function

BIOPOLYMER
Optically clear, high molecular
weight phosphorylcholine
polymer

ABC PLATFORM MEDICINES

KSI-301 is designed to be the go-to anti-VEGF to solve the real-world problem.

SAME WHERE IT MATTERS

- Clinically proven target: VEGF
- Antibody-based biologic
- Intravitreal injection
- Optically clear solution
- No ocular residues

DIFFERENT WHERE IT MATTERS

- Designed-in ocular durability
- ☐ Fast systemic clearance
- Improved bioavailability
- ☐ Improved biocompatibility
- Improved stability

KSI-301 optimizes size & formulation strength to improve durability.

Drug/Candidate:	BROLUCIZUMAB	RANIBIZUMAB	AFLIBERCEPT	
Molecule type	Single-chain antibody fragment	Antibody fragment	Recombinant fusion protein	
Molecular structure		•	*	
Molecular weight	26 kDa	48 kDa	115 kDa	
Clinical dose	6 mg	0.3-0.5 mg	2 mg	
Equivalent molar dose	22	1	2	
Equivalent ocular PK	<1	1	1.5	
Equivalent ocular concentration at 3 months	10	1	1,000	

KSI-301					
Antibody Biopolymer Conjugate (ABC)					
2000 Barrer 1000 B					
950 kDa					
5 mg (by weight of antibody)					
7					
4					
1,000,000					

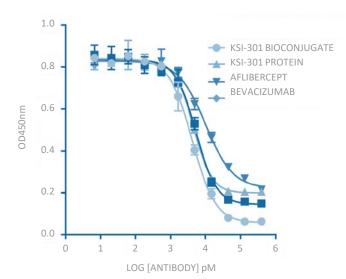
KSI-301 bioconjugate has shown greater potency in vitro than unconjugated anti-VEGFs

In vitro assays demonstrate
KSI-301 bioconjugate has a deeper
potency compared to bevacizumab,
ranibizumab, and aflibercept because of
the special nature of its
phosphorylcholine biopolymer.

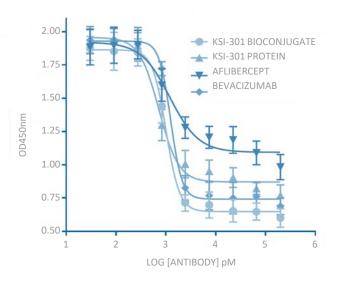
- KSI-301 has high binding affinity to VEGF (K_D 6.75 pM, KinExA 37°C)
- KSI-301 bioconjugate has a deeper potency than other anti-VEGF and even its unconjugated starting protein







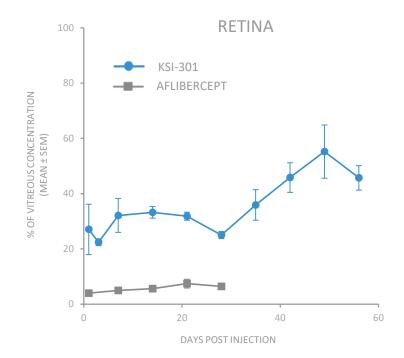
PRIMARY HUMAN RETINAL CELL-BASED ASSAY Anti-VEGF Inhibition of HRMVEC Proliferation

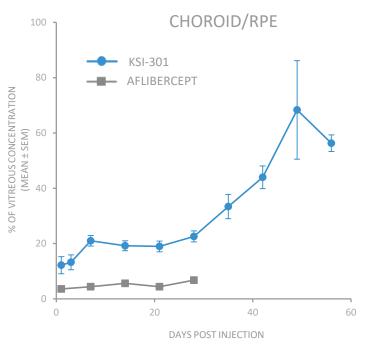


Kodiak data on fi

KSI-301 bioconjugate drives enhanced bioavailability because of its phosphorylcholine biopolymer

- Ocular tissue bioavailability after single intravitreal injection
- Data from in vivo rabbit models
- Despite 8x larger size, KSI-301 has 8x greater access to retina than aflibercept



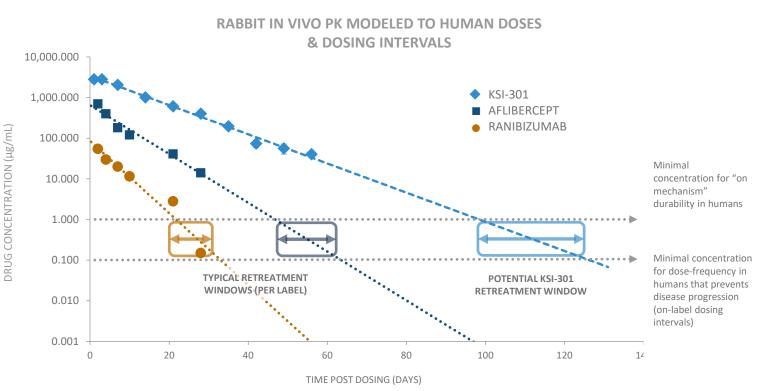


Covance rabbit ADME (absorption, distribution, metabolism, elimination) model: Aflibercept data (2008): EVER Congress Portoroz Slovenia Struble (Covance), Koehler-Stec (Regeneron) / KSI-301 data (2017): Struble (Covance), Kodiak / Error bars reflects standard error of the mean

KSI-301 bioconjugate has potential for extended durability and a more flexible retreatment window

- KSI-301 bioconjugate has a flatter (better) ocular PK curve
- This translates into a large concentration advantage versus other biologics over time

Lucentis data: Gaudrealt et al (2007) IOVS 46(2) 726 Gaudrealt et al (2007) Retina 27(9) 1260 Bakri et al (2007) Ophthalmol 114(12) 2179 || Aflibercept data: EVER Congress Portoroz Slovenia (2008) Struble (Covance) Koehler-Stec (Regeneron). Aflibercept data adjusted arithmetically to reflect 2,000 μ g dose administered (based on rabbit in vivo dosing of 500 μ g) || KSI-301 data adjusted arithmetically to reflect 5,000 μ g dose administered (based on rabbit in vivo dosing of 725 μ g). Error bars reflects standard error of the mean



KSI-301's "high science" design positions it well versus competing efforts

- Over 26 million intravitreal injections of anti-VEGFs performed globally in 2018
- KSI-301 can be the single "go-to" anti-VEGF for all patients with retinal vascular diseases - encompassing all stages of therapy (induction, maintenance, supplemental)

	GENE THERAPY	PORT DELIVERY SYSTEM	COATED MICROSPHERE DRUG DEPOT	NEW BIOLOGIC TARGETS	KSI-301
Targets Validated Pathway			<u>±</u>	<u>+</u>	\bigcirc
Delivery	Surgery (complications)	Surgery (complications)	Intravitreal Injection	Intravitreal Injection	Intravitreal Injection
Anticipated Durability Improvement	\bigcirc			?	\bigcirc
No Supplemental Injections	\otimes	\otimes	X	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
No Residual Foreign Material in the Eye	\bigcirc	\otimes	×	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Use for Prevention	\otimes	\otimes	<u>±</u>	<u>±</u>	\bigcirc

OUR GOAL WITH KSI-301

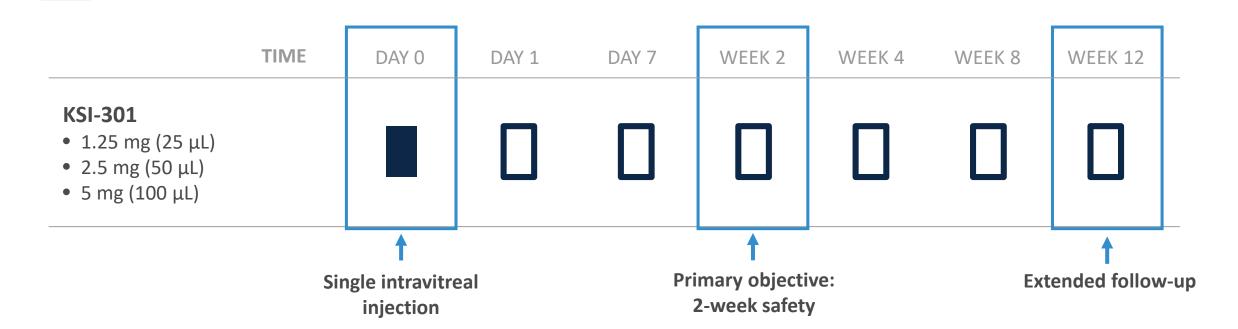
Develop KSI-301 to be "first off-the-shelf" by meeting the individual needs of all stakeholders

- Patient & Patient's Family
- Retina Specialist & Care Team
- Retina Practice Owner
- Payer
- Health System
- Globally
 (US, Japan, EU, China/Asia, ROW)



KSI-301 PHASE 1 CLINICAL STUDY

Single Ascending Dose Study in Diabetic Macular Edema Patients



- Eyes with diabetic macular edema (DME), one eye per subject
- 9 subjects 3 per dosing cohort, 7-day safety review between each cohort
- Conducted at 5 US sites.
- Single dose with observation to 12 weeks (no retreatment)

PATIENT INFORMATION

Demographic and Ocular Baseline Characteristics

DEMOGRAPHICS	
Age (years, mean)	62
Gender	7M, 2F
OCULAR CHARACTERISTICS Study Eye, n=9	
Previously Received Anti-VEGF	8/9
Number of Anti-VEGF Treatments in Last Year median (range)	3 (0, 7)
Time Since Last Anti-VEGF, Days median (range)	95 (52,>365)
IOP, mmHg mean (SD)	15 (2)
OCT Central Subfield Thickness, Microns mean (SD)	565 (182)
Baseline BCVA, ETDRS Letters mean (SD)	47 (12)
Baseline BCVA, Snellen Equivalent	20/100

SAFETY OUTCOMES

Every dose level was well-tolerated through 12 week follow-up period

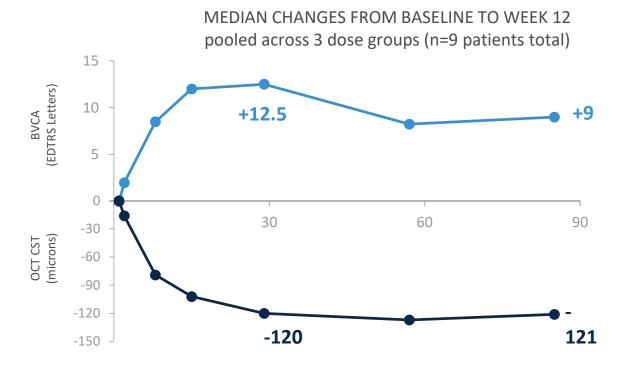
- No dose limiting toxicities
- No drug-related adverse events or drugrelated serious adverse events
- No intraocular inflammation

- Optically clear media after each injection
- No anti-drug antibodies detected in any patient
- Systemic levels 1/3 of bevacizumab C_{max} and 1/6 of D28 level $(1.25 \text{mg dose})^1$

NUMBER OF PATIENTS WITH ANY AE=4	N	SERIOUS	RELATED					
OCULAR AEs								
Foreign body sensation	1	N	N					
Subconjunctival hemorrhage	2	N	N					
Floaters (reported in both eyes)	1	N	N					
Visual flashes	1	N	N					
NON-OCULAR AEs								
Fall	1	N	N					
Worsening of coronary artery disease	1	Υ	N					
Swollen Feet	1	N	N					

Improvements in vision and retinal thickness after single-dose KSI-301 maintained through 12 weeks

- Rapid, high magnitude responses as early as 1 week after dosing
- Durable improvements out to 12 weeks

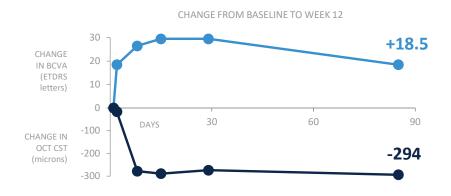


1. Avery RL et al. Retina. 2017 Oct;37(10):1847-1858



KSI-301

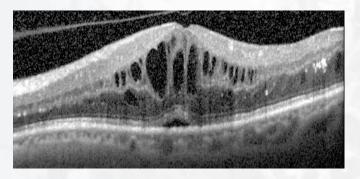
CASE EXAMPLE 1



CLINICAL HISTORY SUMMARY (SITE REPORTED):

	Date	Treatment	VA Snellen	CST
tive	1/2018		20/40	-
Retrospective	4/2018	Bevacizumab	20/40	431
Retr	6/2018	Bevacizumab	20/60	655
	8/2018	KSI-301	20/160	636

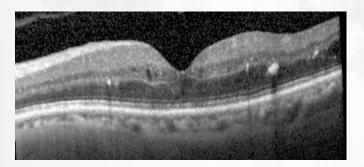
Resolution of macular edema sustained through 12 weeks in patient with prior suboptimal response



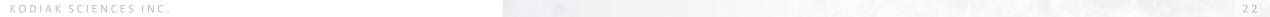
BASELINE



WEEK 4

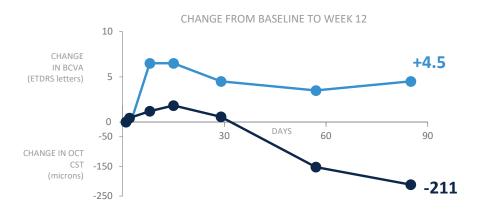


WEEK 12



KSI-301

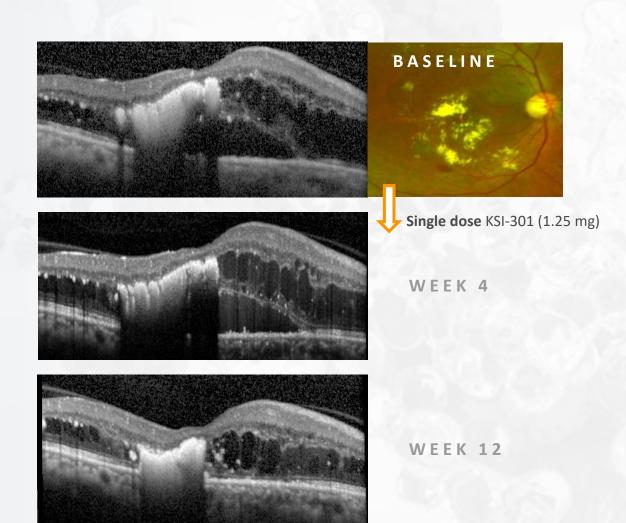
CASE EXAMPLE 2



CLINICAL HISTORY SUMMARY (SITE REPORTED):

		Date	Treatment	VA Snellen
		1/2018	Bevacizumab	20/60
	Retrospective	3/2018 4/2018	Bevacizumab	20/100
			Bevacizumab	20/150
		5/2018		20/350
		7/2018	KSI-301	20/80

Resolution of subretinal fluid through 12 weeks in patient with extensive foveal lipid exudates



IMPORTANT EARLY DEVELOPMENT QUESTIONS

SUCCESSFULLY ADDRESSED



Manufacturability



Optical Clarity



Target Tissue Access



Safety



Speed of Onset



Potency



Clinical Durability

PHASE 1B

OPEN LABEL STUDY

In wet AMD, DME & RVO

- Study now recruiting (NCT03790852)
- Open-label study to further explore KSI-301 safety, bioactivity, durability (approximately 50 patients)
- Anti-VEGF treatment naïve patients only
- 3 loading doses followed by indication-specific re-evaluation and retreatment criteria
- OCT Angiography to generate novel data for "on mechanism" durability

Primary Endpoint

Week		0	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36
KSI-301 5 or 2.5 mg	wAMD										
	DME/ DR										
	RVO										

KSI-301 injection

Dosing as needed (PRN)

Retreatment criteria assessment

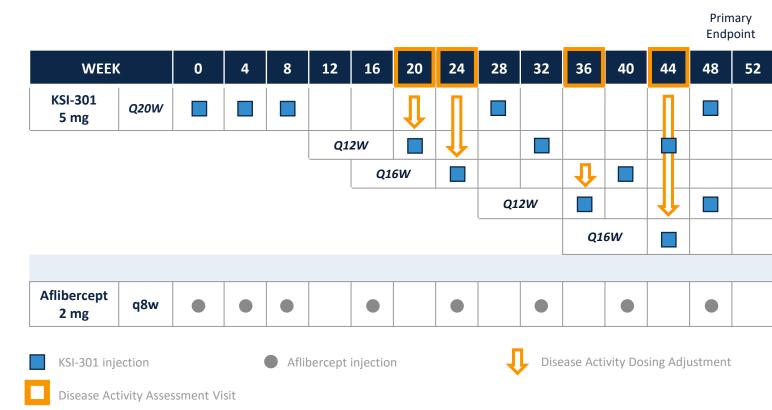
PHASE 2

RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED STUDY

In wet AMD (US/EU)

Pivotal study design, head-to-head against standard of care Aflibercept

- All patients ≥Q12W with KSI-301
- As infrequent as Q20W dosing with KSI-301
- Non-inferiority pivotal design study
- Estimated ~400 patients (US/EU)
- On track to begin enrolling in 2Q 2019, with interim and primary readouts in 2020 and 2021



KSI-301

KEY TAKEAWAYS



KSI-301 is a novel **Antibody Biopolymer Conjugate** that inhibits VEGF

• Same where it matters, different where it matters



Phase 1a Single Ascending Dose Study Results:

- Well-tolerated at all dose levels
- Rapid-onset, high-magnitude improvements sustained to 12 weeks



Kodiak executing on a comprehensive and aggressive clinical strategy for KSI-301 in retinal vascular diseases:

- Phase 1b data in 2019
- Initiating multiple Phase 2 pivotal studies in 2019



Objective

The "go-to" anti-VEGF encompassing all treatment needs for VEGF-mediated retinal vascular diseases

